

Themenwoche zur Lehre 22.5.-25.5.2023

>> studierendenorientiert lehren

>> Peer-assisted learning in a simulation-based veterinary dystocia module

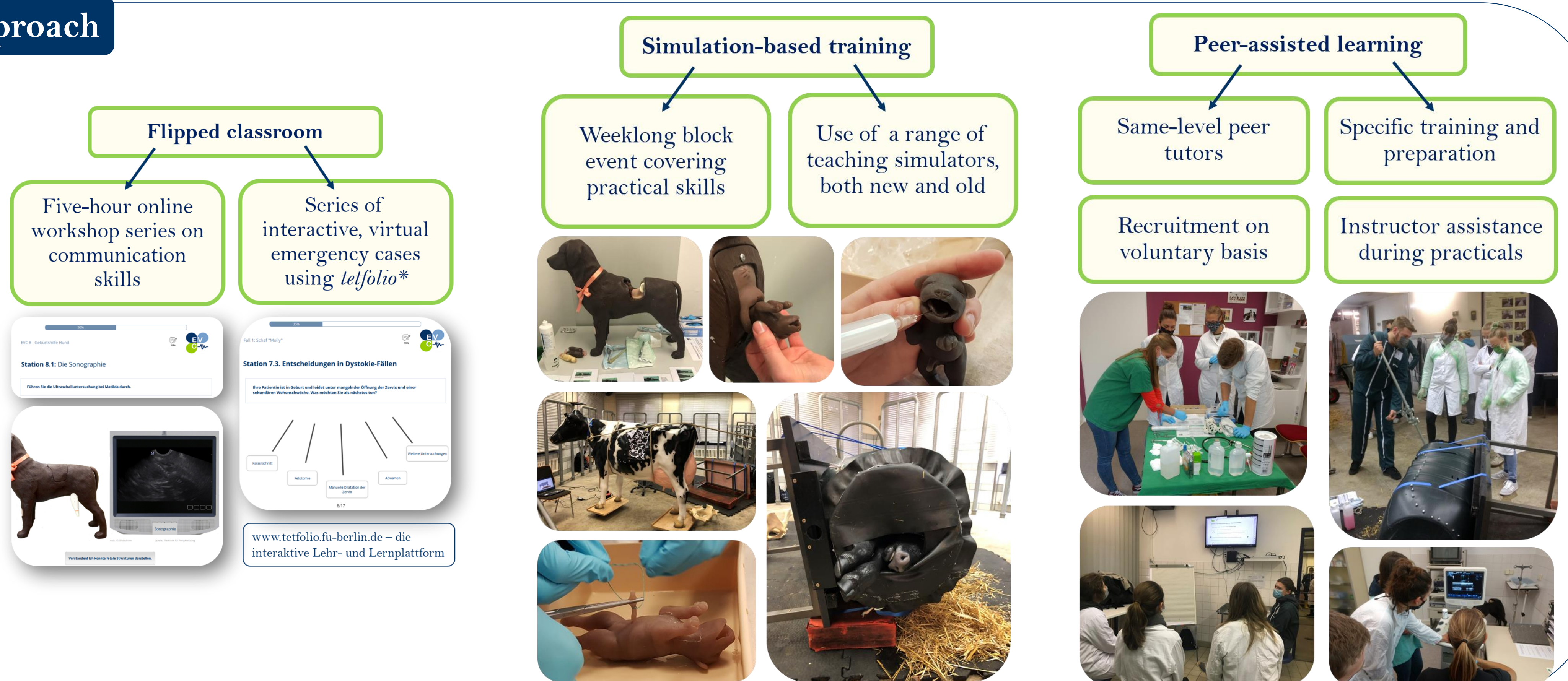
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Background

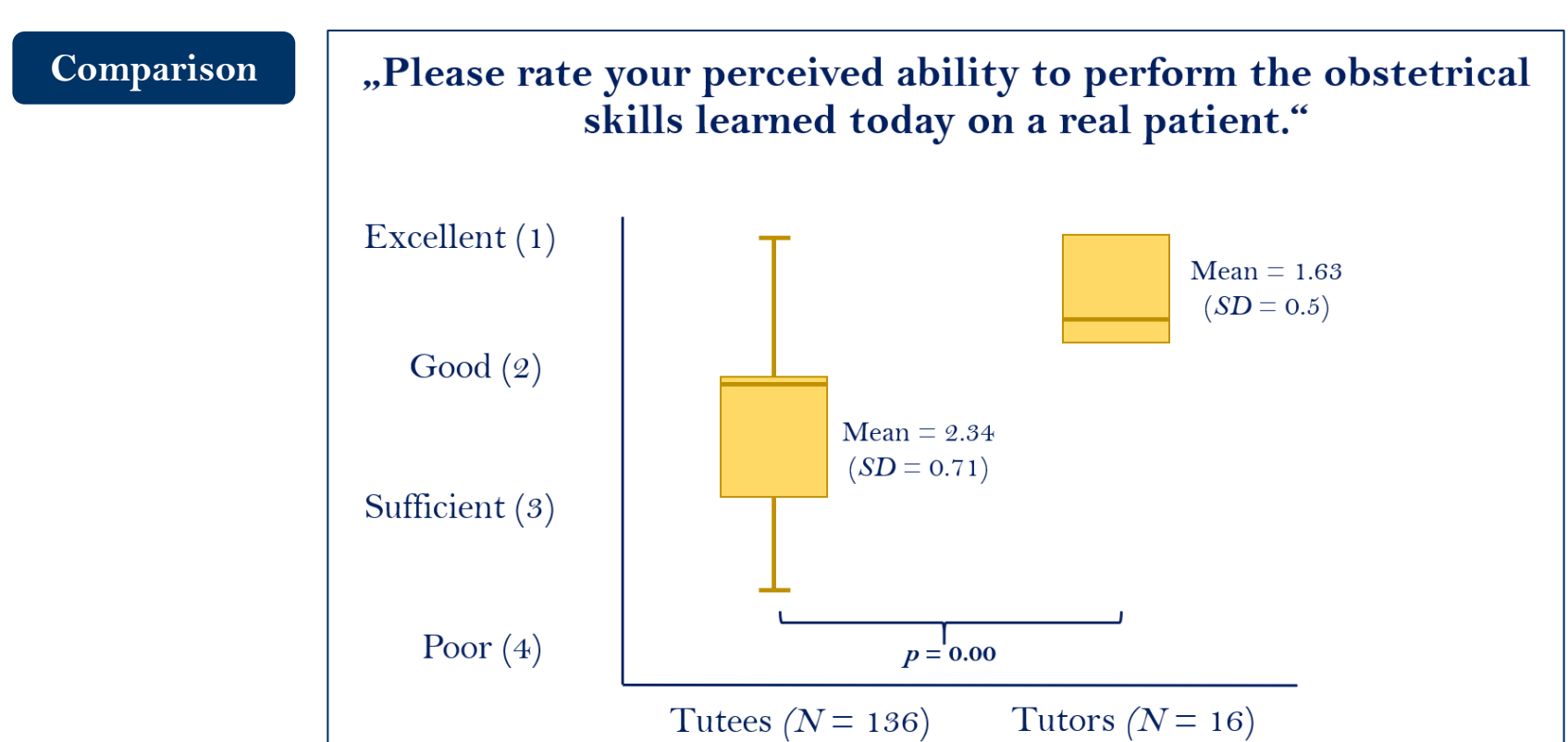
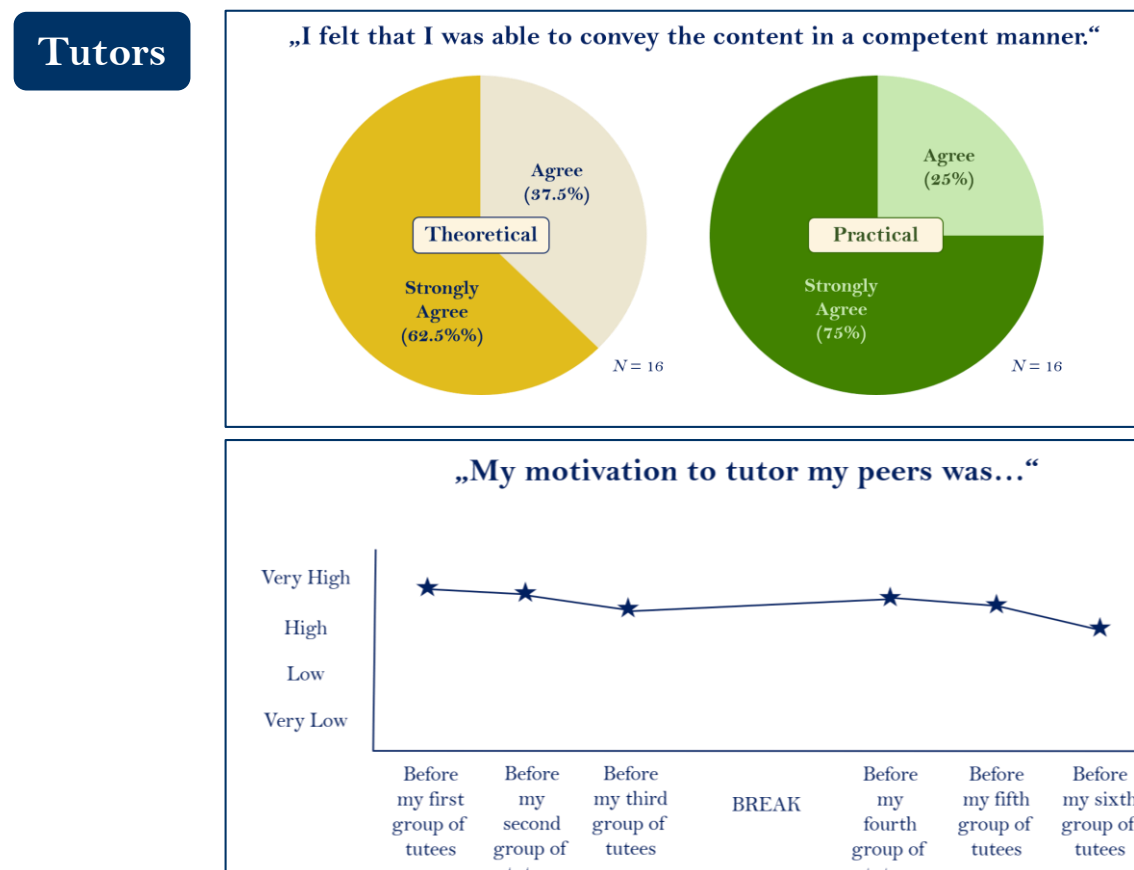
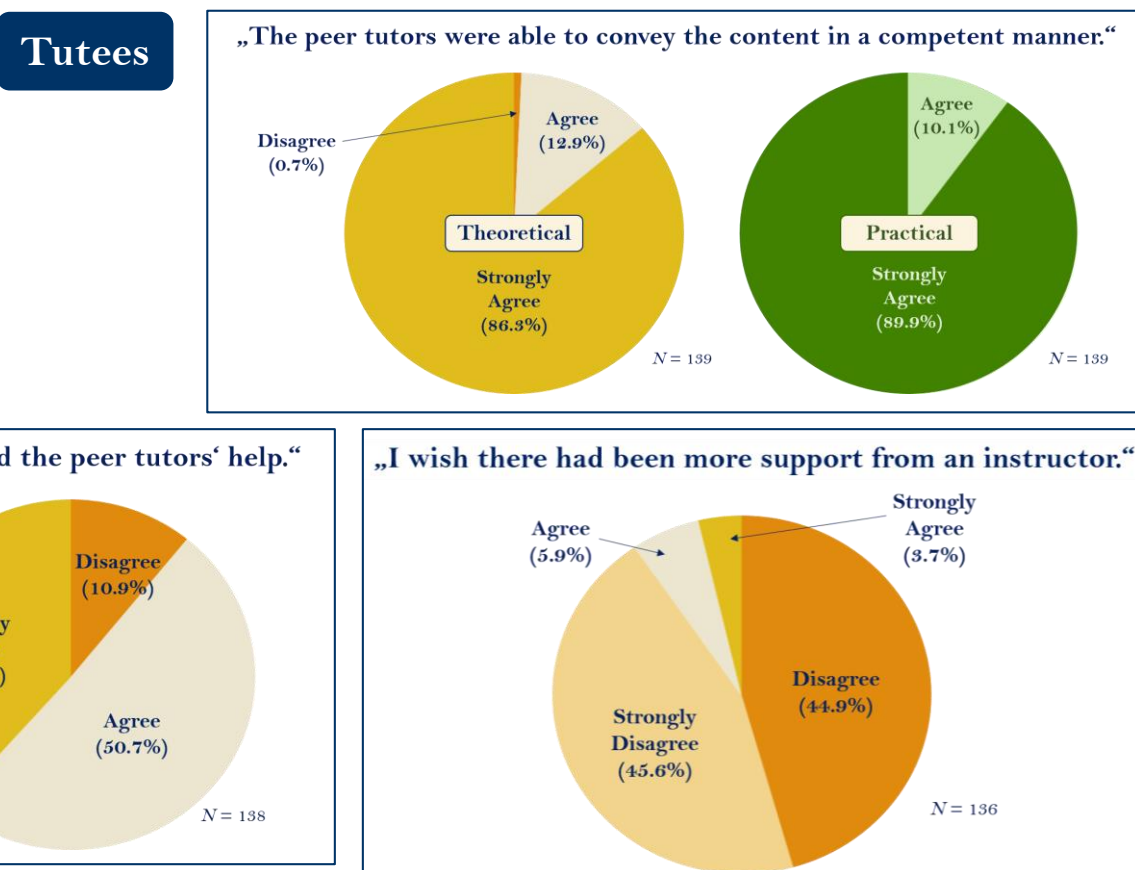
Veterinary graduates are expected to be proficient in a range of “day-one-competences”, including attending all common species in an emergency. However, due to faculty shortages, time restraints, and unpredictability of emergency cases, teaching emergency veterinary care is associated with a range of challenges. **Simulation-based training** can help to bridge the gap between theory and practice and has become increasingly popular in veterinary education in recent years. **Peer-assisted learning** has been associated with a range of benefits for both tutors and tutees as well as being able to take some of the pressure off of educators. In an attempt to optimally prepare veterinary students for their final year of practical training, a novel simulation-based emergency veterinary care module, interlaced with elements of peer-assisted learning and the **flipped-classroom** approach, was introduced at the **Department of Veterinary Medicine, Freie Universität Berlin**.

Approach



Experiences & Results

Response rates: Tutors = 100% (16/16) Tutees = 89.7% (139/155)



Conclusions

Overall, the peer-assisted learning activity was very well-received by all participants. Survey results indicate that the same-level approach and the tutor training were effective for this cohort. We believe that the availability of a faculty member to fall back on during the activity was additionally essential to creating a supportive and motivating environment for both tutors and tutees. Future PAL activities should include compulsory reciprocal student tutoring and objective skill assessment of both tutors and tutees.